

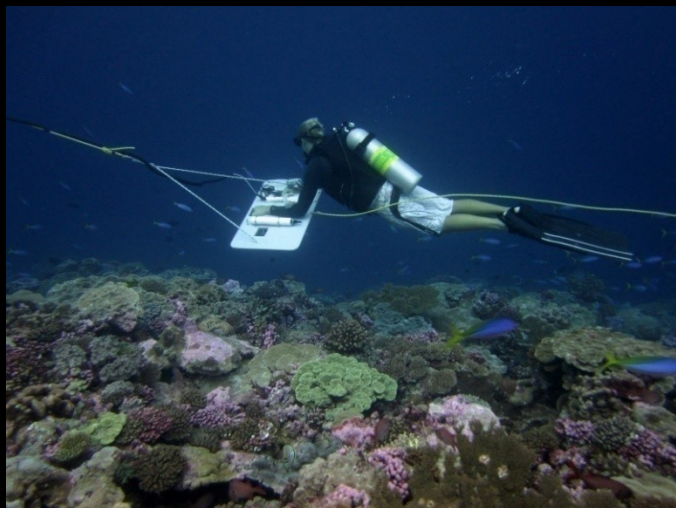
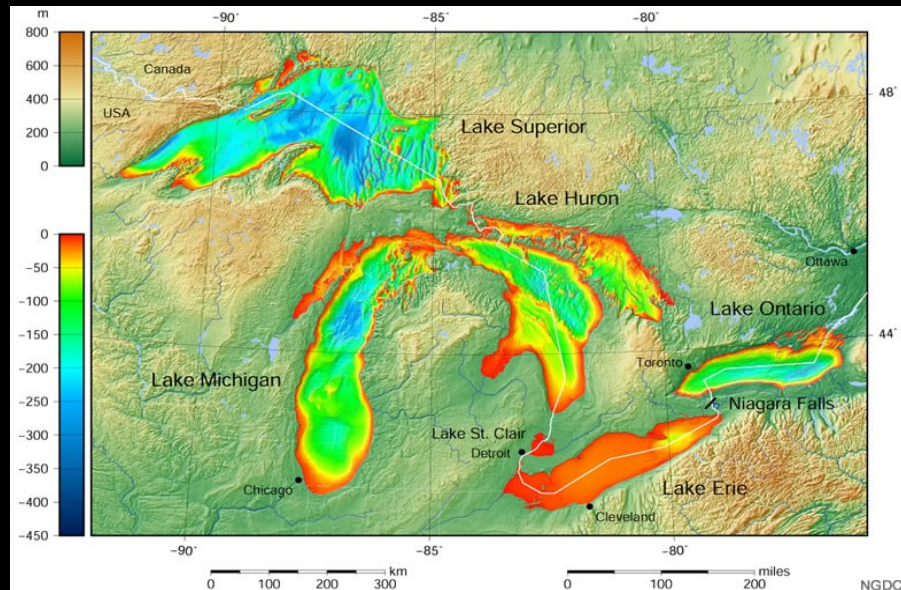
What Is Scientific Diving?



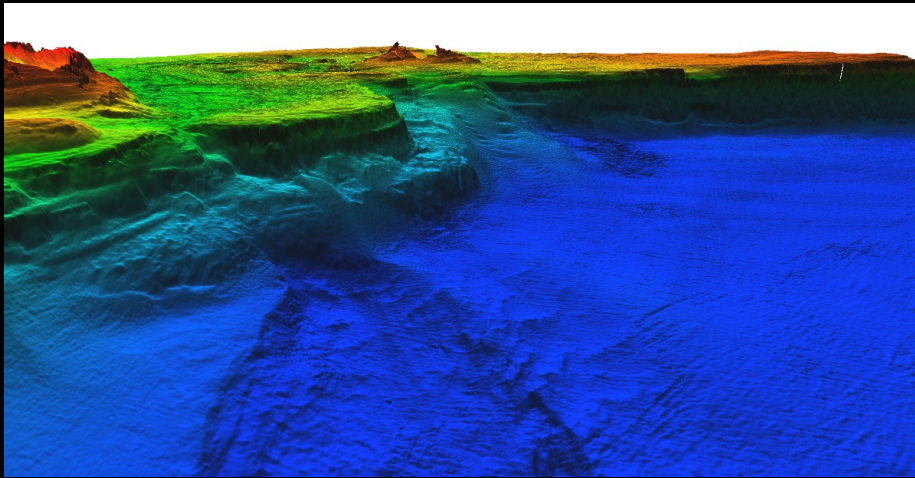
Larry “Harris” Taylor, Ph.D.
Diving Safety Coordinator, U of Michigan



NOAA



National Geographic



TV Series: Drain The Oceans
Drain The Great Lakes

Research / Academic Institutions

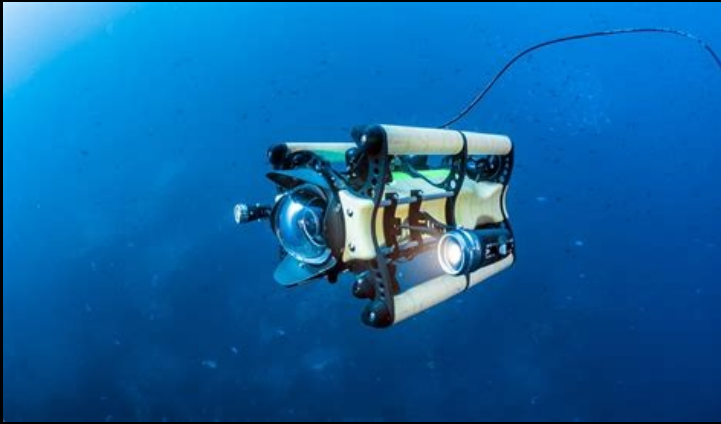
Scripps



Wood's Hole



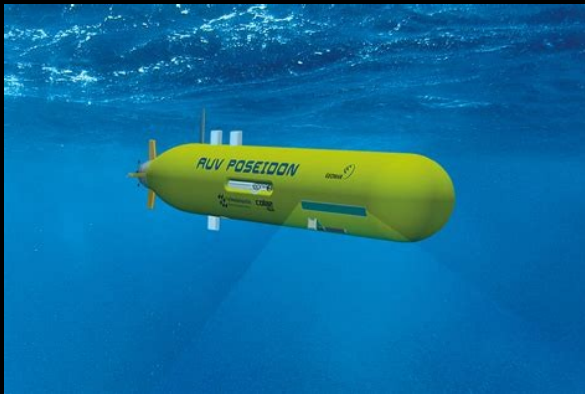
Studying The Underwater Realm



Remote Operated Vehicle (ROV)



Manned Submersible



Autonomous Underwater Vehicle (AUV)



Towed Instruments:

Side Scan Sonar

Magnetometer

Cameras

Scientific Diving Locations

Subtropical Seas

Temperate Waters

Freshwater Rivers and Lakes

Karst (Cave) Formations

Polar Environments

Blue Water (Open Ocean)

Submarine Canyons

Estuaries

Offshore Platforms

Basically, Anywhere there is water



Aquarium Divers

Maintenance / Study of underwater resources

Public feeding displays

Lead “Discover Diving” Experiences



Support NASA Astronaut Training

Wet F – Houston

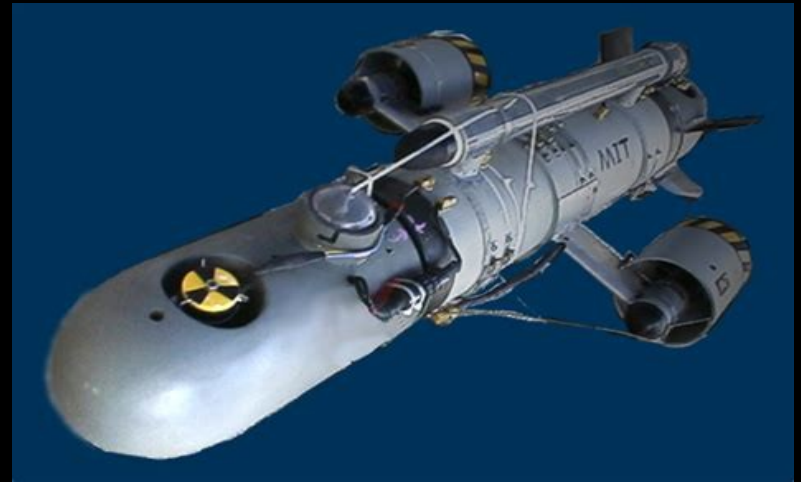
Neutral Buoyancy – Huntsville

Underwater weightlessness mimics space environment



US Navy Experimental Diving Unit

Major technological advances often derived from military



Most Scientific Research Done by Divers



Observe, Measure, Record, Analyze

Types of Scuba Diving

Recreational

Underwater “tourism”

Done for pleasure

Limited knowledge and skill ‘cause of minimalistic training

“Mission-Oriented”

Academic / Scientific / Institutional

Commercial

First Responder Rescue

Military

Public Safety

Done with “work objective”

Diving secondary to “mission”

Requires higher level of skill / knowledge / experience

Often equipment intensive

Often a team-effort



“Scientific Diving” is NOT about Diving

“Scientific diving is diving performed solely as a necessary part of a scientific, research, or educational activity by employees whose sole purpose for diving is to perform scientific research tasks.”



**It is about:
Data Collection**



“Doing Academic Stuff” Under water

**Since diving is just a mode of transportation,
Skill level must exceed recreational training**



**‘cause diver
needs to focus
on the mission / science**



In-water skills / comfort must be a given



Recreational Training

Necessary, But
Not Sufficient
For

"Mission-Oriented" Diving



Poorly trained diver:
Safety risk to self & others
Liability to project
Liability to P.I.
Liability to Institution

C-Cards / Log Books Are Not Reliable Skill Indicators

Advanced Diver



C-Cards Sold

Animals Certified

Given As Rewards

"Battle Royale"

28 Days to Become Instructor

Specialty Newbie Today;

Instructor Tomorrow

Knowledge and skill must be individually assessed

Given that C-Cards Are Not Reliable Skill Indicators: Scientific Diver Authorization Requires:

**Documentation of training (c-cards)
Documentation of experience (log book)
Documentation of knowledge (exams)**



**In-water evaluation for everyone by qualified DSO
(regardless of c-card level /experience)**



**The Lesson of History:
This process has created
one of the Planet's Best Safety Records!**



**AMERICAN ACADEMY of
UNDERWATER SCIENCES**

**OSHA Set Rules For Commercial Diving
Began As Means To Define Academic Diving
Sets Standards For Academic Diving
One of World's Best Safety Records
Reference Resource
Reciprocity**





**AMERICAN ACADEMY of
UNDERWATER SCIENCES**

Standards For Academic Diving

Historically, based on 15 weeks (semester):

30 hours lecture (basic diver)

30 hours lecture (in-water scientific techniques)

30 hours pool

Plus: First Aid, CPR, DAN O₂ & Hazmat

First Open Water Weekend: 5 dives (>250 minutes)

Additional water training:

rescue, navigation, night, deep, EANx, etc



Michigan Diving Authorization



Purpose:

Ensure Health & Safety of Divers

Provide Liability Protection For PI's

Provide Liability Protection For University



Michigan Diving Authorization Requirements:

1. Certified Diver (Valid C-Card)
2. Current ARC/AH / AAOS Adult CPR
3. Current ARC / AAOS Standard First Aid
4. Current DAN O₂ (EHS provides)
5. Physical Exam (umich Health Care Professional)
6. Complete Application / Legal Forms
(Interview with DSO)
7. In-water evaluation by the University DSO



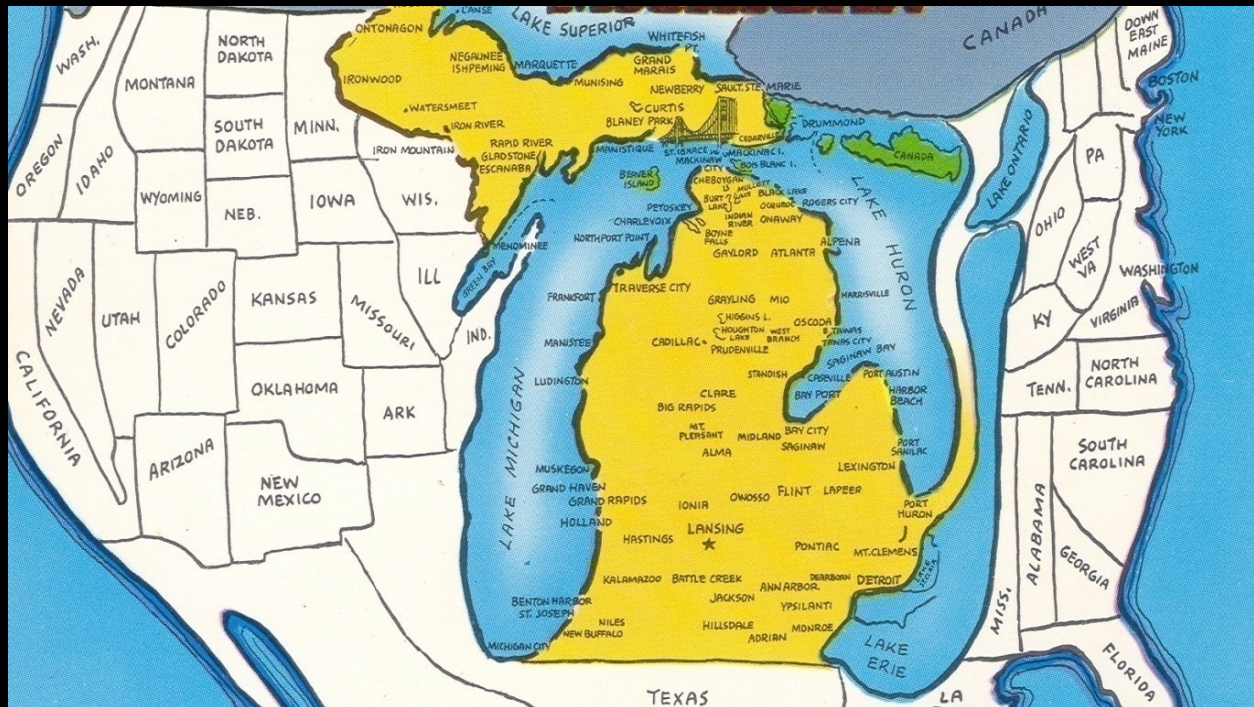
Valid as long as

All certifications are current

12 dives per year

Expires: Any lapse

Diving Opportunities In Michigan



Proton Decay (Neutrino) Detector

Theory: Protons unstable with $t^{1/2} = 10^{56}$ years

Proton decay neutrino generates cone of light

2000 feet underground in working salt mine

Pool ultrapure water: 80 ft x 70 ft x 70 ft

2048 high resolution photomultiplier tubes

7 simultaneous neutrinos → catastrophic event

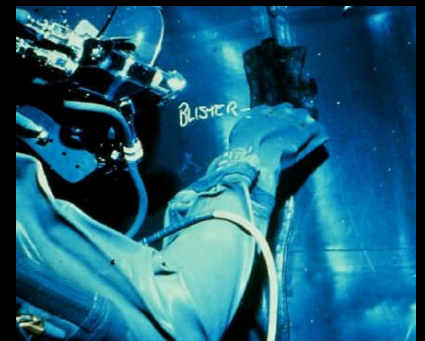
Discovered supernova 1987a

Advanced real-time nano-second computing

Project abandoned

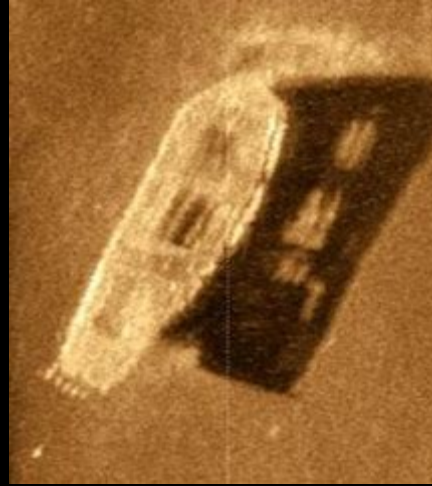


2000 Feet Below Lake Erie



LPT

Nautical Archeology: Shipwrecks



Cultural Time Capsules

Great Lakes Shipwrecks

No wood consuming Teredo worms

Cold slows chemical corrosion

Estimates: 4000 -18,000 shipwrecks

Causalities of war, poor navigation, storms



Michigan Bottomland Preserves



Great Lakes Maritime Museums

Lake Superior

Maritime Visitor Center -Duluth, MN
SS Meteor Whaleback -Superior, WI
Bayfield Maritime-Bayfield, WI
Marquette Maritime-Marquette, MI
Shipwreck Museum-Paradise, MI
SS Valley Camp-Sault Ste. Marie, MI

Lake Michigan

Wisconsin Maritime-Manitowoc, WI
Ludington Maritime-Ludington, MI
USS Silversides-Muskegon, WI
Michigan Maritime-South Haven, MI
Chicago Maritime-Chicago, IL

Lake Huron

Great Lakes Lore-Rogers City, MI
Maritime Heritage-Alpena, MI
Huron Lightship-Port Huron, MI
Maritime Center-Port Huron, MI

Lake Erie

National Museum-Toledo, OH
Maritime Museum-Sandusky, OH
Steamship W.G. Mather-Cleveland, OH
Erie Maritime-Erie, PA
Port Burwell-Port Burwell, ON, Canada

Lake Ontario

HMCS Naida-Hamilton, ON, Canada
Niagara-On-The-Lake, ON, Canada
Maritime Museum-Kingston, ON, Canada

Detroit

Dossin Museum-Belle Isle, Detroit, MI



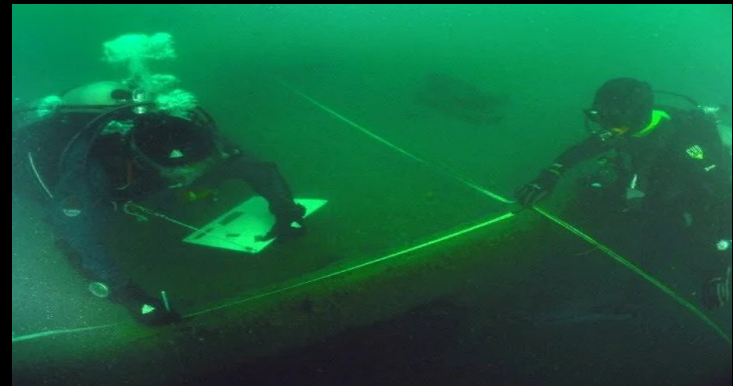
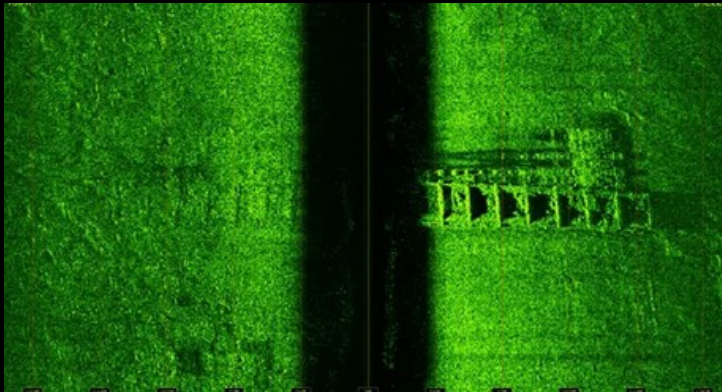
Maritime Archeological Survey Team (M.A.S.T.)

Volunteers documenting Ohio's Underwater Historic Resources
Runs Educational Programs (Toledo Museum)

First Weekend: Documentation / Mapping

Second Weekend: Document a boat wreck at White Star Quarry

Prepares diver slates of surveyed Lake Erie wrecks



Collaborates with Ohio State University

Wreck Resources

Much information prior to digital age



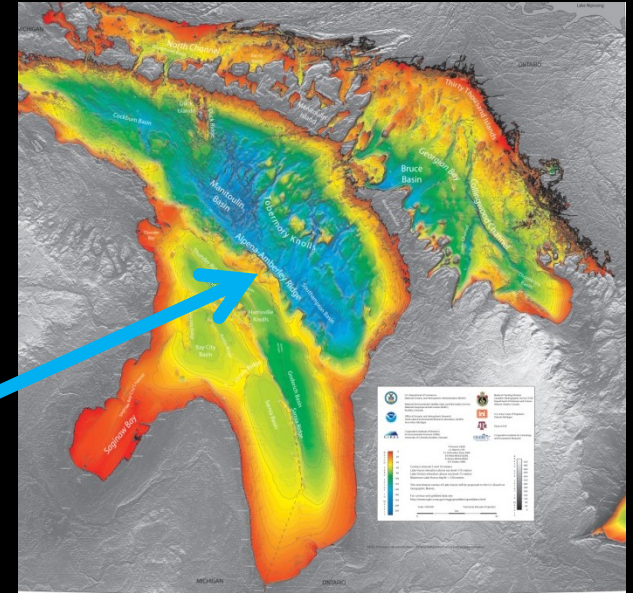
Stonehouse

Feltner

Kohl

LPT

Nautical Archeology: Bottomlands

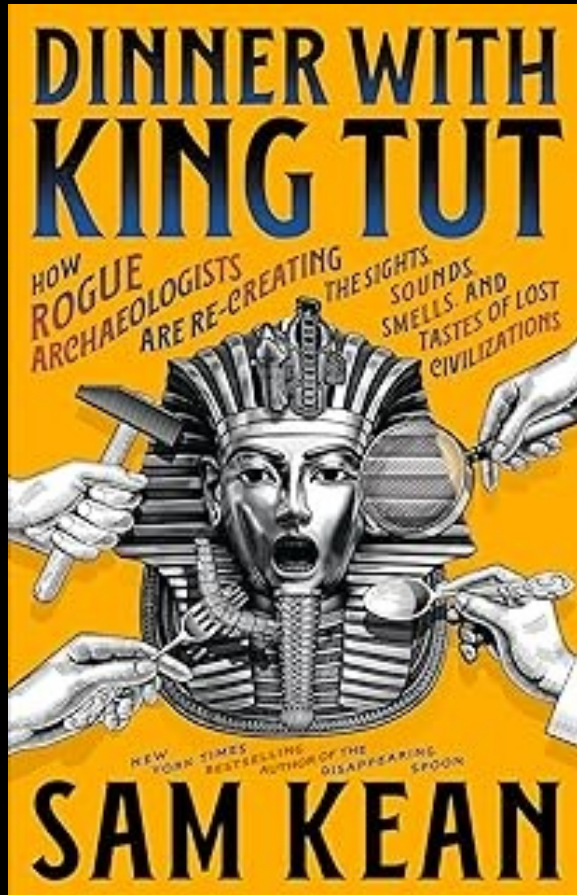


**Underwater “Land Bridge “
Caribou Hunting Blinds
~10,000 years ago**

Rewriting understanding of pre-history

SAM Kean: Award Winning Science Writer / Journalist

7th book (July, 2025): Dinner With King Tut



Rogue Archeologists:

Make human mummies

Investigate the unsolved murders of ancient bog bodies

Carve primitive spears and go hunting

Knap their own obsidian blades to skin the game

Build perilous boats and plunge out onto the open sea

Build and fire medieval catapults

Build Roman Roads

Mixes science with fiction to describe past civilizations

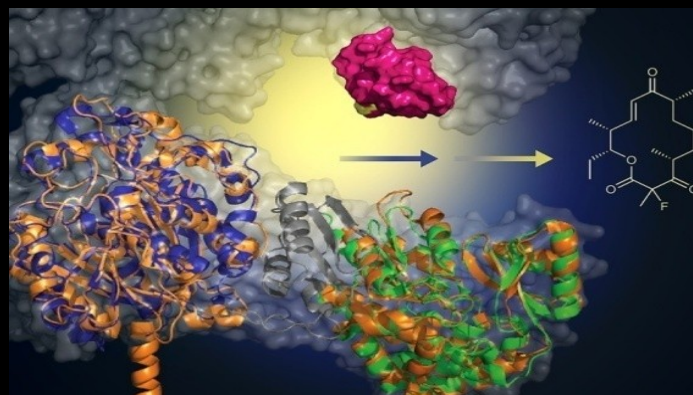
Medicinal Chemistry

Collects tropical sediment sea bacteria and fungi

Determines biological properties in extracts

Searching for antibiotics, anti cancer, and anti infectious diseases

Primary Site: Costa Rica



Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Impact of Caribbean shallow water sea grass on ecology

Using surface supplied air or snorkeling

Primary Site: The Bahamas



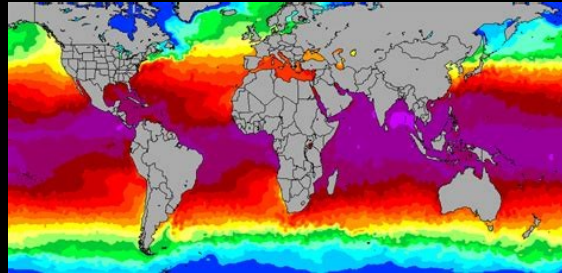
Earth and Environmental Sciences

Collects coral / cave core samples

Uses radioisotope ratios to determine age and temperature

Focus on studying climate change thru geologic time

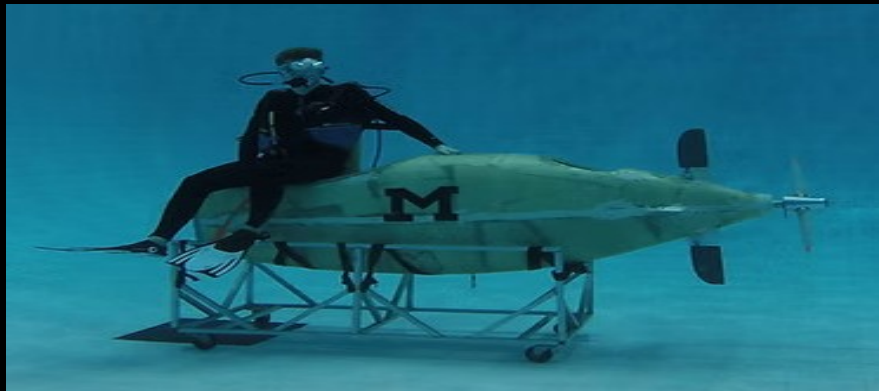
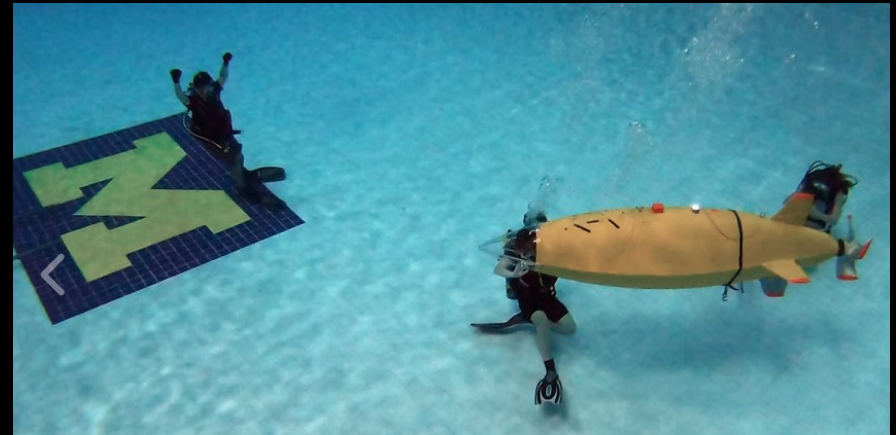
Primary Site: Galapagos Islands



Human-Powered Submarine Team

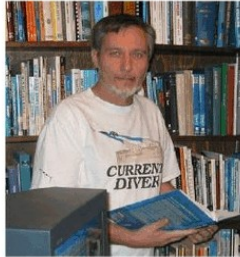
College of Engineering

Undergrad students design, build, test, and race their submarine
International Competition: California, Washington, D.C. England



Your Diving Resource

Welcome to



Diving Myths & Realities
by
Larry "Harris" Taylor, Ph.D.
a.k.a. "River Rat"
a.k.a. "Divegeek"

Diving Safety Coordinator
University of Michigan
Ann Arbor, Michigan

Email: divegeek



™

My students tell me that I do NOT teach scuba. They say I live and preach the "Gospel according to 'Harris':"
"In all diving situations, the knowledgeable, physically fit diver has more fun!"
This site is assembled in the spirit of that gospel.

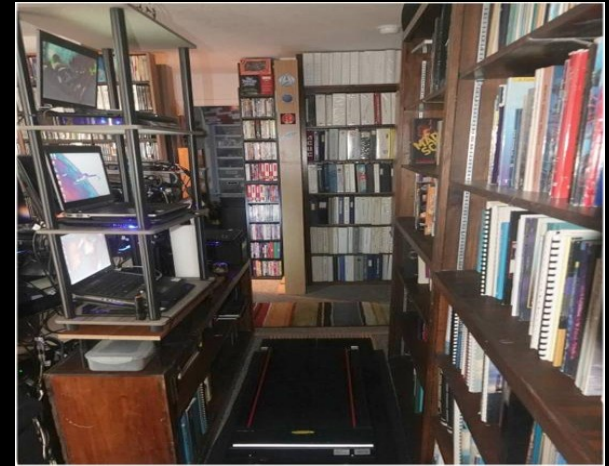
Go To: [About "Harris"](#) [Articles](#) [Slides](#) [War Stories](#) [Editorials](#) [Links](#) [Fini](#)

[University of Michigan Personal Home Page](#)

[About "Harris"](#): Background info, logo & names, and photo gallery
[Dive Articles](#): Articles spanning more than four decades of teaching
[Slides](#): Lecture slides on specialty topics (in PDF Format)
[War Stories](#): Short presentations used as teaching examples
[Editorials](#): Personal opinions & observations
[Links](#): My entire collection of ~ 9400 links (contains ~ 1200 diving links)
[Fini: Dive Long & Prosper](#): My traditional closing salutation

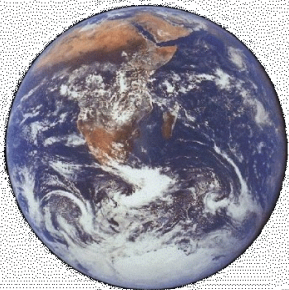
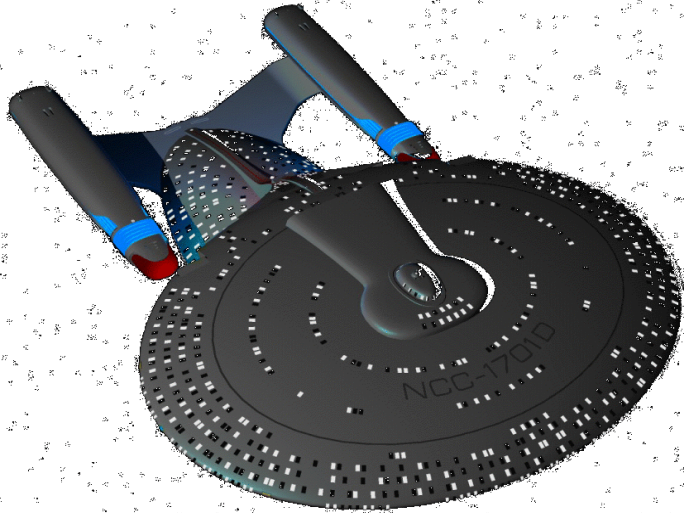


<https://websites.umich.edu/~lpt/Divegeek/home.htm>
divegeek@earthlink.net



LPT

Dive long & Prosper!



LPT